

**ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_**

An ordinance adding Article 14.6 to the Los Angeles Municipal Code to temporarily prohibit certain residential and commercial evictions due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

**WHEREAS**, international, national, state, and local governments and health authorities are responding to an outbreak of a disease caused by the novel coronavirus referred to as COVID-19;

**WHEREAS**, the State of California, the County of Los Angeles, and the City of Los Angeles are experiencing a public health crisis from the COVID-19 pandemic that will have lasting impacts on residents and the economy;

**WHEREAS**, on March 4, 2020, the Governor of the State of California declared a State of Emergency to exist in California as result of the threat of COVID-19;

**WHEREAS**, on March 4, 2020, the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors and Department of Public Health declared a local emergency and local public health emergency to aid the regional healthcare and governmental community in responding to COVID-19;

**WHEREAS**, on March 4, 2020, the Mayor of Los Angeles declared a local emergency based on the COVID-19 pandemic;

**WHEREAS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the California Department of Health, and the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health have all issued recommendations including but not limited to social distancing, staying home if sick, canceling or postponing large group events, working from home, and other precautions to protect public health and prevent transmission of this communicable virus;

**WHEREAS**, as a result of the public health emergency and the precautions recommended by health authorities, many residents and businesses in the City of Los Angeles have experienced or expect soon to experience sudden and unexpected income loss;

**WHEREAS**, the Governor of the State of California has stated that individuals exposed to COVID-19 may be temporarily unable to report to work due to illness caused by COVID-19 or quarantines related to COVID-19 and individuals directly affected by COVID-19 may experience potential loss of income, health care and medical coverage, and ability to pay for housing and basic needs, thereby placing increased demands on already strained regional and local health and safety resources, including shelters and food banks;

**WHEREAS**, further economic impacts are anticipated, leaving tenants, both residential and commercial, vulnerable to eviction;

**WHEREAS**, during this local emergency and in the interest of protecting the public health and preventing transmission of COVID-19, it is essential to avoid unnecessary housing displacement to protect the City's affordable housing stock and to prevent housed individuals from falling into homelessness;

**WHEREAS**, on March 16, 2020, the Governor issued Executive Order N-28-20, which authorizes local jurisdictions to suspend certain evictions of renters and homeowners, requests a moratorium on foreclosures, and protects Californians affected by COVID-19 against utility shutoffs;

**WHEREAS**, the Governor's Executive Order N-28-20, further authorizes local jurisdictions such as the City of Los Angeles, to establish additional measures to promote housing security and stability to protect public health and mitigate the economic impacts of COVID-19;

**WHEREAS**, on March 16, 17, and 23, 2020, the Mayor issued Public Orders to mitigate the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the residents of the City of Los Angeles;

**WHEREAS**, the City of Los Angeles deems it necessary to protect public health, life, and property during this declared state of emergency by protecting commercial and residential tenants from certain evictions during the state of emergency; and

**WHEREAS**, the City of Los Angeles wishes to suspend commercial and residential evictions based on non-payment of rent and no-fault evictions of residential tenants when the tenants have been affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, and to suspend the removal of occupied residential units from the rental market under the Ellis Act.

**NOW, THEREFORE,**

**THE PEOPLE OF THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES  
DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:**

Section 1. A new Article 14.6 is added to Chapter IV of the Los Angeles Municipal Code to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 14.6

### TEMPORARY PROTECTION OF TENANTS DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC

#### SEC. 49.99. FINDINGS.

The City of Los Angeles is experiencing an unprecedented public health crisis brought by the Coronavirus, which causes an acute respiratory illness called COVID-19.

On March 4, 2020, the Governor of the State of California declared a State of Emergency to exist in California as result of the COVID-19 pandemic. That same day, the Mayor also declared a local emergency.

On March 16, 2020, the Governor issued Executive Order N-28-20, which authorizes local jurisdictions to suspend certain evictions of renters and homeowners, among other protections. The Executive Order further authorizes the City of Los Angeles to implement additional measures to promote housing security and stability to protect public health and mitigate the economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The economic impacts of COVID-19 have been significant and will have lasting repercussions for the residents of the City of Los Angeles. National, county, and city public health authorities have issued recommendations, including, but not limited to, social distancing, staying home if sick, canceling or postponing large group events, working from home, and other precautions to protect public health and prevent transmission of this communicable virus. Residents most vulnerable to COVID-19, including those 65 years of age or older, and those with underlying health issues, have been ordered to self-quarantine, self-isolate, or otherwise remain in their homes. Non-essential businesses have been ordered to close. More recent orders from the Governor and the Mayor have ordered people to stay at home and only leave their homes to visit or work in essential businesses. As a result, many residents are experiencing unexpected expenditures or substantial loss of income as a result of business closures, reduced work hours, or lay-offs related to these government-ordered interventions. Those already experiencing homelessness are especially vulnerable during this public health crisis.

The COVID-19 pandemic threatens to undermine housing security and generate unnecessary displacement of the City's residents and instability of the City's businesses. Therefore, the City of Los Angeles must take measures to protect public health, life and property.

This ordinance temporarily prohibits evictions of residential and commercial tenants for failure to pay rent due to COVID-19 and prohibits no-fault evictions of residential tenants if the tenant or any member of the household is ill, in isolation, or under quarantine due to COVID-19. This ordinance further suspends withdrawals of occupied residential units from the rental market under the Ellis Act, Government Code Section 7060, *et seq.*

## SEC. 49.99.1. DEFINITIONS.

The following words and phrases, whenever used in this article, shall be construed as defined in this section:

A. **Commercial Real Property.** The term “commercial real property” refers to any parcel of real property that is developed and used either in part or in whole for commercial purposes. This does not include commercial real property leased by a multi-national company, a publicly traded company, or a company that employs more than 500 employees.

B. **No-fault Eviction.** The term “no-fault eviction” means any eviction for which the notice to terminate tenancy is not based on an alleged fault of the tenant, including, without limitation, eviction notices served under California Code of Civil Procedure Sections 1161(1), 1161(5), or 1161c.

C. **Owner.** The term “owner” is any person, acting as principal or through an agent, offering residential or Commercial Real Property for rent, and includes a predecessor in interest to the owner.

D. **Residential Real Property.** The term “residential real property” is any dwelling or unit that is intended or used for human habitation.

E. **Local Emergency Period.** The term “local emergency period” is March 4, 2020 to the end of the local emergency as declared by the Mayor.

## SEC. 49.99.2. PROHIBITION ON RESIDENTIAL EVICTIONS.

A. No Owner shall evict a residential tenant for non-payment of rent during the Local Emergency Period if the tenant is unable to pay rent due to circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic. These circumstances include loss of income due to a COVID-19 related workplace closure, child care expenditures due to school closures, health-care expenses related to being ill with COVID-19 or caring for a member of the tenant’s household or family who is ill with COVID-19, or reasonable expenditures that stem from government-ordered emergency measures. Tenants shall have up to 12 months following the expiration of the Local Emergency Period to repay any past due rent. Tenants may use the protections afforded in this section as an affirmative defense in an unlawful detainer action. Nothing in this article eliminates any obligation to pay lawfully charged rent. However, the tenant and Owner may, prior to the expiration of the Local Emergency Period or within 90 days of the first missed rent payment, whichever comes first, mutually agree to a plan for repayment of unpaid rent selected from options promulgated by the Housing and Community Investment Department for that purpose.

B. No Owner shall exercise a No-fault Eviction during the Local Emergency Period.

C. No Owner shall exercise an eviction during the Local Emergency Period based on the presence of unauthorized occupants, pets or nuisance related to COVID-19.

D. No Owner shall charge interest or a late fee on rent not paid under the provisions of this article.

E. An Owner shall give written notice of the protections afforded by this article with 30 days of its effective date. Failure to provide notice may result in penalties.

### **SEC. 49.99.3. PROHIBITION ON COMMERCIAL EVICTIONS.**

No Owner shall evict a tenant of Commercial Real Property during the Local Emergency Period if the tenant is unable to pay rent due to circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic. These circumstances include loss of business income due to a COVID-19 related workplace closure, child care expenditures due to school closures, health care expenses related to being ill with COVID-19 or caring for a member of the tenant's household or family who is ill with COVID-19, or reasonable expenditures that stem from government-ordered emergency measures. Tenants shall have up to three months following the expiration of the Local Emergency Period to repay any past due rent. Tenants may use the protections afforded in this section as an affirmative defense in an unlawful detainer action. Nothing in this article eliminates any obligation to pay lawfully charged rent. No Owner shall charge interest or a late fee on rent not paid under the provisions of this article.

### **SEC. 49.99.4. PROHIBITION ON REMOVAL OF OCCUPIED RESIDENTIAL UNITS.**

No Owner may remove occupied Residential Real Property from the rental market under the Ellis Act, Government Code Section 7060, *et seq.*, during the pendency of the Local Emergency Period. Tenancies may not be terminated under the Ellis Act until 60 days after the expiration of the Local Emergency Period.

### **SEC. 49.99.5. RETROACTIVITY.**

This article applies to nonpayment eviction notices, no-fault eviction notices, and unlawful detainer actions based on such notices, served or filed on or after the date on which a local emergency was proclaimed. Nothing in this article eliminates any obligation to pay lawfully charged rent.

### **SEC. 49.99.6. SEVERABILITY.**

If any provision of this article is found to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, that invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions of this article which can be implemented without the invalid provisions, and to this end, the provisions of this article are declared to be severable. The City Council hereby declares that it would have adopted this article and each provision thereof

irrespective of whether any one or more provisions are found invalid, unconstitutional or otherwise unenforceable.

Sec. 2. **URGENCY CLAUSE.** The City Council finds and declares that this ordinance is required for the immediate protection of the public peace, health and safety for the following reasons: the City of Los Angeles will suffer irreparable damage, including loss of life and property, should the devastating effects of COVID-19 not be quickly mitigated. The Council, therefore, adopts this ordinance to become effective upon publication pursuant to Los Angeles City Charter Section 253.

Sec. 3. The City Clerk shall certify to the passage of this ordinance and have it published in accordance with Council policy, either in a daily newspaper circulated in the City of Los Angeles or by posting for ten days in three public places in the City of Los Angeles: one copy on the bulletin board located at the Main Street entrance to the Los Angeles City Hall; one copy on the bulletin board located at the Main Street entrance to the Los Angeles City Hall East; and one copy on the bulletin board located at the Temple Street entrance to the Los Angeles County Hall of Records.

Approved as to Form and Legality

MICHAEL N. FEUER, City Attorney

By  \_\_\_\_\_  
DAVID MICHAELSON  
Chief Assistant City Attorney

Date 3/27/20

File No. \_\_\_\_\_

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The Clerk of the City of Los Angeles hereby certifies that the foregoing ordinance was passed by the Council of the City of Los Angeles, **by a vote of not less than three-fourths** of all its members.

CITY CLERK

MAYOR

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Ordinance Passed \_\_\_\_\_

Approved \_\_\_\_\_